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## WORLD'S—1903—FAIR.

## UP TO THE DELEGATES.

To-day's meeting of the House of Delegates will show whether certain members respect public opinion. No amount of explanation will serve as an excuse for unreasonable actions. Motives of Delegates can only be judged by the disposition which they may make of bills demanded by the sentiment of St. Louis.

First, the bill providing for the issuance of the World's Fair bonds must be passed. The committee of which John J. Burke is chairman can justifiably do nothing else than report it favorably. Any Delegate who thinks that he can without a reckoning hold up such a measure at the present stage of World's Fair development underestimates the patience of the people of St. Louis.

Street improvement bills must be passed. The postponement of seventeen of these measures simply to spite any man or set of men cannot be permitted. The people as masters have a right to demand that Delegates shall not prove faithless to promises which they have given to their constituents.

If the members of the Combine fail to act in accordance with public duty, only one construction can be placed on their motives. There can be no politics in the policy. There might be "business."

The issue is plain. There is neither room for misconstruction of the public's attitude nor chance for justification of adverse action by the Delegates. The individual members have an opportunity to declare their position. St. Louis demands the reconsideration of street improvement bills and the passage of the World's Fair bond bill. These things done, personal differences may be settled among the Delegates.

## RESIDENCE DISTRICTS FIRST.

As long as the safety of the residence districts is threatened by unimproved streets, the authorities cannot afford to delay the pavement of these thoroughfares.

Without discouraging the reconstruction of downtown streets, it should be evident that the first duty lies in making passable roadways where pavements do not exist.

An instance of the danger from the present condition is furnished by the fire at the home of Mr. L. D. Dodger. Engines on the way to the blaze were stopped in the mud of the thoroughfares. From a small beginning the fire threatened to spread to large proportions.

That fire engines should be unable to reach the most expensive residence district of the city is not to be tolerated. Aside from the unsightliness of contrasts between good and bad streets, fire protection should not be so hampered.

After the worst streets have been put in order, then let reconstruction of downtown thoroughfares proceed with all rapidity. The necessity for the improvement of both sections is urgent, but of the two the greater demand is for the paving of streets now unimproved.

## DEMOCRATIC OUTLOOK IN ILLINOIS.

With every reason to believe that the Illinois Democratic State Convention, to be held on June 17, will reveal a state of exceptional harmony and effective organization within the party, the strongest hopes of Democratic success in the State and county elections are encouraged.

The disorganized condition of Illinois Republicanism warrants the most sanguine expectation of Democratic victory at the polls. The party in power is agitated by the waging of the bitterest feuds known in its history. Instead of being compactly aligned and striving for the good of the party, the various Republican factions are pulling one against the other, each preferring Democratic success to the success of the opposing Republican faction. This creates an exceptional Democratic opportunity.

But Democratic victory in Illinois is contingent upon the wisest and shrewdest leadership and the most careful and complete organization. Republican disaffection creates the opportunity, it is true, but unless that opportunity is masterfully utilized by the Democrats there will be no change in the party control of the State. From the highest to the lowest in the Democratic organization this truth should be clearly recognized and acted upon with the soundest sagacity. Absolute unity, unselfish leadership, a frank and sincere appeal to voters on a truly Democratic basis, are necessary to Democratic success. These should be in evidence unceasingly from now until the Illinois campaign closes at the polls.

## CONDEMNED ITS OWN RECORD.

"Thirty years of one party," said the Globe yesterday in a continuation of its untruthful attacks on State administration.

Yet the administration of B. Gratz Brown, under which the certificate system was first applied to the School Fund, was elected with the assistance of the Globe-Democrat—then the Democrat—under the same management that that paper now enjoys.

In 1870 the Globe-Democrat contended that the McTear Republicans were dominated by commercial monopolists. Really, the Republican organ should congratulate itself on having helped to build a bridge to thirty years of a party government which has so ably and honestly managed the School Fund and other State finances.

If the Globe proposes to plead the baby act and cite its nonage as an excuse for failing to condemn the school certificates when they were invented, it must condemn the Republicans who voted for the first certificates. If it does not condemn them it cannot consistently condemn the certificates. If it does not

condemn the certificates it surrenders all its claims of the past two years.

Democrats have been in power nearly thirty years. Liberal Republicans had two years between McClurg and Woodson. In those two years the school certificate system was first instituted and the Globe-Democrat helped the institution. It did not change its mind until two years ago.

## THE AMERICAN PHILIPPINE POLICY.

Consistent Americans will heartily endorse the Philippine policy agreed upon by the Democratic members of the Senate Committee on the Philippines and hope that its submission as a substitute for the un-American policy followed thus far may result in a return to traditional American principles.

While the Imperialist Republicans will doubtless assail the policy in question with all the ingenuity and bitterness at their command, the truth remains that it is unassailable as a typical and faithful American policy. It provides alike for the protection of American and other interests in the Philippines and for the independence of the islands under an American protectorate. This Government rightfully claims the lands and waters necessary for naval, military and sealing stations and facilities for submarine cable terminals. The Filipino Government established under this policy would be required to carry into effect the treaty obligations with Spain and looked to for the maintenance and protection of all rights and property acquired under the authority of the United States.

The policy now agreed upon by the Democratic members of the Senate Committee on the Philippines may not fairly be characterized as merely a partisan attempt to discredit the Republican policy. It is in effect the identical policy which was advocated by the late President Harrison and other eminent Republicans who did not relinquish their Americanism under the temptation of foreign conquest and distant dominion gained through the subjugation and government by force of alien peoples. More than one commanding Republican voice was lifted in the early days following the close of the war with Spain, urging that we retain only naval coaling stations in the Philippines and refuse to enter upon the perilous and sinful policy of Empire inseparable from the permanent holding of the Philippines as an American colony.

Although it is true that this insistence upon the right has been still within the ranks of the Republican party, the right nevertheless remains the right. The Democratic policy now agreed upon in the United States Senate is firmly founded on the right and is true to American principles. The people of this country favor such a policy. The Republican majority will doubtless refuse to be controlled, however, by the American desire for American dealing with the Philippines. The subsequent accounting with the people at the polls should convince the Empire-dreamers that imperialism is not a winning issue before the American people.

## THERE IS NOTHING TO CONCEAL.

An excellent beginning has been made by the special Congressional committee appointed to investigate the Danish West Indies purchase scandal in its decision that the hearings before the committee shall be open to the public. These hearings begin to-day.

The charge preferred by Walter Christmas in his secret report to the Danish Government to the effect that money had been illegitimately used to influence Congressional action for ratification of the American purchase of the Danish West Indies is a serious charge until convincingly refuted and the man Christmas thoroughly discredited.

That both these things will be done there is no reason to doubt. The more openly they are done, the better.

When this result has been attained, also, the wisdom of Congressman Richardson's demand for an investigation should be apparent even to those who bitterly opposed the Richardson resolution. The good name of the American Congress has been assailed in Europe in a manner which made an answer imperative. That answer will be found in the Richardson resolution, in the consequent open investigation, in the establishment of the truth that the Walter Christmas charge is utterly without foundation.

## AN ALIGNMENT FOR HONESTY.

In his Easter sermon, containing a thoughtful consideration of the evils of municipal corruption, the Reverend Father Coffey justly called local attention to the prime duty of extending an effective moral support to Circuit Attorney Folk and his associates in the boodle prosecutions. The priest's earnest words should constitute a potent influence for municipal purification.

"Honesty is possible in public as well as in private servants," Father Coffey correctly says. "We must demand it, and if we demand it like strong Christians we will get it. Not till then. We have reached a crisis here in our municipal government—a crisis such as many other large communities have met with strong heart and steady hand—and we must face it, too, courageously and unswervingly. Mr. Folk has raised the standard and is bearing it forward to victory. Mr. Folk and his associates are the leaders; they can do little unless they have the strong moral support of the Christian men and women of this city and State."

The good citizenship of St. Louis cannot but be impressed with the vitality of the truths thus voiced by Father Coffey at a critical moment. The antagonism aroused by the boodle prosecutions is powerful and sinister. Every corrupt politician, every man to whose interest it is that politicians be corrupt, every promoter of bribery and every go-between in the cases of bribe-giving and bribe-taking, are in an alignment hostile to this prosecution. The pressure which they can bring to bear for the subversion of justice is enormous. Their final victory in preventing the suppression of corruption is well-nigh certain if popular sentiment does not so strongly array itself in support of Circuit Attorney Folk and the Grand Jury as to make the boodle prosecutions irresistible.

The fight now on in St. Louis is distinctly and exclusively a combat between the good and evil elements of local citizenship. The evil is fighting desperately, at bay and venomous with hatred of the brave prosecuting officer who is dragging the boodle gang within the shadow of the Penitentiary. The good must fight valiantly in support of Circuit Attorney Folk. The moral support of the community must be behind that official in so solid and aggressive a form as to make it impossible for the boodle gang to stand against his assaults.

## DID NOT TELL THE TRUTH.

Secretary Root, in the recent controversy with General Miles, made the remarkable statement that the pacification of the Philippines has proceeded more rapidly than Americans could have rightly expected when the Spanish treaty was ratified.

Our Secretary of War should elaborate. It would be instructive to learn what the controlling circle of Imperialists counted upon when they began the subjugation of an alien people and the political enslavement of millions who, under our Declaration of Independence, were created our equals under at least our American laws.

If the Republican leaders, when the treaty of Paris was under discussion, expected that the country would spend more blood, time and money than have been spent, to secure a mere sullen lull in Filipino hostility,

then they must be credited with an imperialist ruthlessness equal to that of the colonizing Kaiser or that of the Russian Cabinet when it considers Manchuria.

American people expect to be informed of the sacrifices they are to make for given purposes. Imperialists in office did not tell them before the treaty was ratified that an annual expenditure of hundreds of millions, a regular army of over 50,000 men stationed abroad and a subversion of all our principles of government would in more than three years reach only the point of a suppressed rebellion with no prospect of permanent Philippine government on a civil basis.

Secretary Root writes as if he and the other administration leaders realized all along that enormous expenditures, a great army on distant shores and a heavy sacrifice of American lives would be necessary for many years. Doesn't it appear like a conscious conspiracy to deceive the people into a profitless and terribly inhuman undertaking to which they would never have given their consent knowing the price?

As late as the political campaign of 1900 Republican leaders denounced as un-American pessimism just such predictions as Secretary Root practically says that the Cabinet made before he became a member and has made ever since that time. No responsible Democrat looked forward to greater trouble in the Philippines than has occurred. But Secretary Root says that our Philippine task of conquest has been easier and quicker than anybody had a right to expect. And those Americans who read will assume that the Imperialists expected what he describes as their having a right to expect.

Imperialism has other faults besides falsification of American principles of government. One has always been a habit of direct lying to the people. Our Imperialists are like all the other Imperialists of ancient and modern times.

If the Allied Party's national convention in Louisville, opening to-day, is generally composed of such elements as those that will represent St. Louis in the gathering, the spectacle presented will be that of a Republican side-show in full blast. This, indeed, is where the "allied" feature of the organization comes in evidence—as far as may be judged from the "new" party's backing and behavior it is allied with the Republican organization for Republican success. The people at large will not be likely to miss this truth and to estimate the assemblage in Louisville accordingly. The party whose announced purpose is "to unite all reform forces against plutocracy" is about to do a ghost-dance to Republican piping.

Smoke abatement should be a realized fact before spring actually begins. The new State law has been in operation since last October and to date no offender has been summoned into court. It is hard to believe that any owner of a boiler plant can have a good excuse for such delay in helping to make the law effective. Smoke Inspector Jones claims that leniency is the best policy. The best policy would be to abate the smoke—by prosecution, if necessary.

Of course, it's all right for March to go out like a lion if such a departure is necessary to maintain tradition. But the thousands of women who were prevented from wearing their new spring gowns and bonnets on Easter Sunday thereby will doubtless contend that the "lion business" was a bit overdue this year.

St. Louisans have excellent cause to be satisfied with the progress of the crusade against municipal corruption. This success should stimulate them to a sustained interest in the movement. The case is distinctly one of the people against the boodlers and the people should make a hot fight to a finish.

## RECENT COMMENT.

## Reconstruction of College Curriculum.

Professor G. T. Ladd in April Forum.  
 In the history of education there has seldom been a more astonishing confusion of principles, or a more misleading confusion of practices, than that which has resulted in the present disorganized condition of the curriculum of the American college. This curriculum, as it existed in its old-fashioned form, did sorely need to be modernized. To make it modern, in a reasonable and efficient way, it should have been reconstructed in deference to the same psychological and philosophical principles which were fairly maintained in its original construction, and which all the college presidents and faculties in the world can neither abolish nor destroy. Instead of this, however, it was disintegrated by an excessive and injudicious use of the elective principle. For the wise, deliberate and instructed choice of the elements of a "liberal education" by the men whose profession is education, there were substituted the relatively sudden and unstructured choices of the youths in the process of education. Somehow, with the so-called "educator," who aims at the reputation of being "up to date," the opinion seems unquestioned that a modern liberal education is the same thing as an education conducted by the recurrent elections of those who are being educated! No greater mistake could easily be made than this. The words "modern" and "elective" are no more unlike than are the things for which they stand in reality. A modern curriculum and an elective curriculum are, both in theory and in practice, totally different. Nay, they are in many respects antagonistic. The complete destruction of the old-fashioned prescribed curriculum, by unrestricted use of the elective principle, would seem, then, to be the only logical and feasible way at present of destroying the elective principle itself.

## A Tax on Education.

Philadelphia Record.  
 A bill of a dozen lines has been introduced in the House of Representatives by Mr. Ray of New York to provide for repeal of the duties on printing paper and wood pulp. It should be enacted into law without delay, although in a transaction Congress there is not much likelihood of such an attempt to clip trust profits will prevail. A tax on printing paper and on the material from which it is chiefly made is a tax on education and intelligence. It is levied for the benefit of a sordid syndicate that is grinding up American forests with unexampled rapidity, and against which many States have already found it necessary to protect forest lands covering watersheds of vital importance. Wood pulp from Canada and Norway was brought into this country last year over a tariff barrier of \$5 per ton to the amount of over 50,000 tons, while more than \$1,000,000 worth of fine papers—largely from Germany—paid duties averaging over 70 per cent.

The Government does not need the revenue from this source; and the stubborn refusal of the protectionist element in Congress to consent to its abolition can be regarded only in the light of a demonstration of what has been called the "cohesive power of public plunder."

## The Wild and Woolly East.

Hartford Times.  
 The operations of the burglars in the town of Portland on Saturday evening remind us that the busy season has arrived for an extensive, if not a leading, Connecticut industry. The blowing open of safes in the post offices, railroad stations and country stores of this State is an occupation which is prosecuted from year to year without any change in the annual routine of the burglars and without any very serious interruption by the local residents of the places visited. We have no doubt that by consulting our files we could prepare a list of from twenty to forty places which will receive midnight calls from the busy dynamites in the hours between midnight and dawn during the next four months.

## Practical Temperance.

American Medicine.  
 A method too frequently neglected, whereby temperance may be encouraged, is the regulation of the habits of employees in reference to liquor drinking. If the drink habit is bad it must have bad effects, and these must serve to make the workman less capable and trustworthy. A suggestion of the method may be gathered from the fact that the French Governor Director of Railroads has written to the different societies opposing the use of alcohol that all the Government roads have agreed to the following: First, to discharge all employees who persist in using spirits and wine while on duty; second, all persons who continue to drink shall be dropped from the pension rolls of the company, and will not participate in the endowment funds in case of an accident. All restaurants on the roads are forbidden to sell spirits to the workmen.

APPROACHING WEDDINGS;  
PARAGRAPHS OF SOCIETY.

MRS. LAWRENCE O. WEAKLEY.  
 Contralto, who will sing at the Choral-Symphony Society's concert Thursday evening.

Theodore Lawrence Hoskins of St. Louis will wed Miss Susan Decima Tener, a Pittsburg belle, Thursday, in Pittsburg. Four hundred invitations have been issued and there will be guests from many cities. The ceremony will take place at the Fourth Presbyterian Church, in the choir of which Miss Tener has sung for four years. The bride will be escorted by her father, Mr. Henry Hoskins, who will come to St. Louis to reside with her.

H. C. Scott of Minneapolis will serve as best man and the ushers will be four brothers of the bride from Sewickley, Chartered and Pittsburg. The large Tener connection will assist as bridesmaids and flower girls. Following the service there will be a reception at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Henry Jones. After a trip Mr. and Mrs. Hoskins will come to St. Louis to reside with her.

Mrs. H. Schuh, widow of Doctor Charles Schuh, announced the marriage of her daughter, Nannette Helen, to Mr. John Barwise on March 29. The wedding was attended only by members of the immediate family. The young couple will be at home to their many friends after May 1 at No. 325 Butler street.

Henry Baer, deputy clerk in Judge Talty's division of the Circuit Court, was married last Thursday evening to Miss Hanna Hegel, daughter of Mrs. Rosalia Hegel, No. 189 South Seventh street. The ceremony was performed by Rabbi Samuel Sale at his home, No. 515 Westminster place, at 6:30 o'clock. The bride couple will live for the present with the bride's mother.

## PERSONAL MENTION.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Benedict of Hotel Beers are entertaining their niece, Miss Helen Morgan, of Evanston, Ill. The Park Hotel of Hot Springs will entertain with a floral cotillion on Thursday evening of this week.

Miss Mima Moore of Delmar boulevard has returned from a visit in Iowa. Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Joy have arrived in St. Louis, after the Washington season, and are established for a time at Hotel Beers.

The Young Men's Institute will give a dancing party on Friday evening, April 1, at No. 91 North Vandeventer avenue. The committee in charge consists of Messrs. Leo J. Sweeney, H. J. Hirsch and William F. Fitzgerald.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Van Blarcom gave a box party at the opera last night to honor Miss Cook's bridesmaids; Miss Eloise Ford, Miss Marie Boyce, Miss Hodge, Mr. Roger B. Whitman, Mr. J. W. Kearney, Mr. L. Block, L. T. P. B. Shields and Miss Carrie Cook and Mr. E. L. Preterorius.

The Evening Choral Club met last Friday at the residence of Miss M. M. 1751 Missouri avenue. A delightful programme was enjoyed by the members. The following numbers were given:

PHI DELTA THETA BANQUET.  
 On Saturday evening, March 29, the annual banquet of the Phi Delta Theta fraternity was held in the rooms of the local chapter at Washington University. The tables were set for thirty-eight, including both alumni and active members of the fraternity. The spirit of fraternity and good-fellowship prevailed, and the affair was no less enjoyable than on former occasions of this kind. Toasts were responded to by Messrs. R. H. Switzer, P. S. Stevenson and E. H. Williamson. Mr. W. D. Hudson, the retiring president of the Alumni Club, and Mr. H. M. Pollard, president of the local chapter, also made interesting speeches. Later in the evening the officers of the Alumni Club for the ensuing year were elected. The following officers were chosen: President, D. W. Roper; vice president, E. C. Zeller; secretary, G. W. Parker; historian, J. C. Cummings; treasurer, C. C. Collins.

A large theater party occupying eight boxes was given at the Century Theater last evening by Mr. and Mrs. Van Blarcom in honor of Miss Carrie Cook and her fiancé, Mr. Edward Preterorius. The guests included Mr. and Mrs. Douglas G. Cook, Misses Rose Dula and Helen Noel, who will be the bride's bridesmaids; Miss Eloise Ford, Miss Marie Boyce, Miss Hodge, Mr. Roger B. Whitman, Mr. J. W. Kearney, Mr. L. Block, L. T. P. B. Shields and Miss Carrie Cook and Mr. E. L. Preterorius.

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ODD BENEFIT GIFTS  
AT THE GERMANIA.

Sunday night was a benefit performance at the Germania Theater. That means that large and lovely cases made of flowers and greens and such went down the aisles in the hands of panting ushers and over the footlights. Big, white-frosted cakes followed in their wake. A handsome bun and side of bacon dressed in crepe paper and covered with gold and silver tinsel, and a large cake came along in the train, winding up with a motley procession of interesting parcels done in boxes of such shape and size as to justify speculation concerning candy and cigars.

All this and much more appeared on Sunday night, for the popular comedian of the Germania, Willy Stock, Company, Willy Walker, was receiving, having over months of bouquets and presents after the first act, and smiling benignly at all his friends who crowded the cozy theater.

"Ein Gemachter Mann," a five-act comedy which has been in high German favor for two decades, was presented, the cream of the company taking part. That their efforts were appreciated was shown by the applause and even the shouts of " Bravo!" that came from rear seats after especially humorous situations.

Walker, who played the leading part of Walther, with many and merry disguises, was given an ovation after his appearance in the fete scene, when he wore a peasant girl's costume, perfect in detail, from the red hose and black slippers to the enormous white apron and the straw hat with a tassel at the back of his head. His costuming of the part was a work of art, and his portrayal of the simpering, flirtatious young woman who permitted elderly gentlemen to kiss her in a fatherly fashion, was no less so.

George Heinemann was one of these elderly fathers who had several daughters to marry off, with a right comfortable dowry for each of them. He makes frequent blunders in maneuvering, matrimonially, for them by mistaking the various suitors, who are of various stations in life, from barons of high degree to struggling artists. Mr. Heinemann had much scope for comedy work and improved his opportunities.

Leona Bergere was the sprightly Toni, who plays many pranks and stunts and clever little songs. Miss Bergere was very chary of her Hungarian dancing steps, however, and made but the briefest of appearances in that pair of fascinating 37½ bows.

So successful have been the operas presented by the Castle Square organization during the past four weeks that the Monday night affair was a success, with nothing less than a performance in which artistry is shown in every feature of the performance. That the fashionable audience in attendance at the presentation of " Wagner's 'Lohengrin' " last night was pleased with the evening's entertainment is sufficient evidence of the good work done by the company.

Miss Gertrude Remson as Elsa easily carried off honors. The vision song especially was well done. Miss Remson's hold upon St. Louis audiences has been one of the pleasantest satisfactions of the third act of the opera, and she has been well rewarded last night testified to this fact.

Joseph Sheehan's Lohengrin was up to his usual standard of excellence. In the marriage chamber scene of the third act his voice was notable to a degree. Ethel Houston Duffe, as Ortrud, commanded applause for her good work. F. J. Boyle as the King, Winifred Goff as Tristram, J. P. Remson as the Herald all did satisfying work.

The stage pictures were up to the high mark set by the Castle Square organization. The grouping of the cast was worthy of the traditions of the company. Even though some of the scenes lacked the breadth of the old Music Hall "Lohengrin" stage, the compact transformations of the Century stage are not without their own peculiar charm—a charm that gives a homelike look to the entire performance. Successful for the first time, the wonderful Wagner ensembles from his well-trained orchestra, Miss Remson will be the Elsa Wednesday night, Miss Ludwig taking the part Friday night and Saturday afternoon.

PRETTY EASTER GOWNS  
IN OLYMPIC AUDIENCE.

Mr. and Mrs. Harrison Drummond were in front seats at the Olympic to hear David Warfield last night. Mrs. Drummond wore a cream-colored gown, much tucked and appliqued with cream silk embroidery, and a hat of folded pink chiffon, with a lace scarf about the crown, knotted in the back. The Drummonds wore with this costume several handsome diamond ornaments, one large sunburst holding the lace of her stock.

Ralph McKittick brought Miss Emily Catlin, and Miss Walter escorted Miss Emily Wickham, the four sitting together in the second row. Miss Catlin was in pale blue crepe, and Miss Wickham wore gray. Miss Whitaker and Robert Holmes were in the end seats of this row. Miss Whitaker wearing white.

Miss Blille Gilbert came with a party of friends, wearing a smart costume of black, with raindrops of white.

Miss Louise Beckstead came with Robert Kaime, wearing green, with black and white maline.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Griesedieck were in the front circle with friends. Mrs. Griesedieck wore a gray and blue.

Mr. and Mrs. James Drummond were beneath the right boxes.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Wilson and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Robertson were near William Arthur Williams and a pretty brunette.

Mr. and Mrs. Francis X. Barada and Mr. and Mrs. George Willard Teasdale sat together in the front circle. Mrs. Barada wore a light-colored dress, with a wide white collar, with lace and choux of pink; while Mrs. Barada was in pearl moire, strapped with rose velvet.

Henry Lackland escorted Miss Josephine Walsh, who wore white, with a satin blouse.

Miss Grace Priest and Will Grayson were in the central parquet.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Witte came early and were pleased spectators.

Miss Gerda Loyties and her escort sat next Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Cook.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Griesedieck brought the Misses Herold.

Mrs. Griesedieck wore turquoise blue, veiled in white lace.

Miss Clara Carter and her escort were in the front parquet near Miss Carroll West, who came with a party of three.

Miss Anna Nicholson and Will Kurzborn sat behind Mr. and Mrs. Blakesley Collins. Mrs. Collins, who is a bride of the winter, wore cream voile and blue velvet.

Mr. and Mrs. C. K. Dickson were near the Harrison Drummonds. Mrs. Walsh wore red, with black and white bridling.

Miss Florence West and Stuart Stickney joined Miss Wickham and Miss Catlin and their party.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Crouch and Miss Nellie Crouch were in the central parquet.

Miss Lillian Reardon and her escort sat near Mr. and Mrs. Jack Leahy.